BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

October 3, 2025

To the Board of Education Peru Central School District Peru, New York

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Peru Central School District for the year ended June 30, 2025. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated June 5, 2025. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Peru Central School District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. Accounting policies for GASBS 101 were adopted this year and the application and the application of existing policies was not changed during the year ended June 30, 2025. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. We are pleased to report that no such adjustments arose during the course of our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 26, 2025.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – ERS and TRS, and Schedules of the District's Contributions – ERS and TRS which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the Combining Non-Major Fund financial statements, the Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures, and Net Investment in Capital Assets, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Audit Comments

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve — As stated in the NYSED Reference Manual, contributions to the Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve Fund are only available to pay accrued vacation and sick-time due an employee upon termination. The balance of accrued vacation and sick-time at June 30, 2025 was \$1,097,877. The balance in the reserve fund at June 30, 2025 was \$1,419,161. The excess funding amounts to \$321,284. The main reason for this excess is the decrease in the EBALR liability while the balance is the reserve has increased due to interest income. We suggest utilizing the reserves whenever possible for employee payouts at retirement.

We would again like to thank Kara Bowes and Jessica Leclair for their assistance during our audit of the financial records for the school district. It is a pleasure to work with a team who has an interest in the District and its operation as represented by the staff and management of Peru Central School District.

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of the Peru Central School District and should not be used for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Peru Central School District Peru, New York 12972

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Peru Central School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Peru Central School District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Peru Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Peru Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve

collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of Peru Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Peru Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 4 through 15), budgetary comparison information (pages 54 & 55) and Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios (page 58) and Schedules of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – ERS and TRS, and Schedules of the District's Contributions – ERS and TRS (pages 59-62) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Peru Central School District's basic financial statements as a whole. The Combining Non-Major Fund financial statements, Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit, Schedule of Project Expenditures, and Net Investment in Capital Assets are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional

analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of Peru Central School District. The Combining Non-Major Fund financial statements, the Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit. Schedule of Project Expenditures. Net Investment in Capital Assets. and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining Non-Major Fund financial statements. Schedule of Change from Original Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit. Schedule of Project Expenditures, Net Investment in Capital Assets and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 3, 2025, on our consideration of the Peru Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Peru Central School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC October 3, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Peru School District's annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- State Aid increased by 2.05% over fiscal year 2024.
- The District utilized \$1,015,000 of its capital reserve to offset the cost of a capital project to address roof infrastructure.
- The impact of mandatory GASB 75/GASB 101 reporting of Post-employment benefits and GASB 68 reporting of Pension benefits remains visible throughout the District's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are entity-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the operations in more detail than the entity-wide statements.
- The governmental fund statements tell how basic services such as instruction and support functions were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Table A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-1: Major Features of the Entity-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Entity-Wide	Fund Financial Statements					
	Statements	Governmental	Fiduciary				
Scope	Entire entity (except fiduciary funds	The day-to-day operating activities of the District, such as special education and instruction	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of others, such as employee benefits				
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position				
Accounting Basis and Measurement Focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of Asset and Liability Information	All asset liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Current assets and liabilities that come during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and longterm; funds do not contain capital assets although they can				
Type of Inflow and Outflow Information	All revenues and expenses during year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

Entity-wide Statements

The entity-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two entity-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the financial health or position of the District.

Over time, increases and decreases in net position is an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

For assessment of the overall health of the District additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

Net position of the governmental activities differs from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated if it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt are both accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

Government-wide statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
 - Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt;
 - Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and
 - Unrestricted net position is net position that does not meet any of the above restrictions.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the District. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the entity-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the government fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often have a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds and permanent funds. Required statements are the balance sheet and the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's net position was significantly less on June 30, 2025 than it was the year before, decreasing to -\$182.8 million as detailed in Tables A-2 and A-3. This drop of net position is predominantly the result of the mandatory GASB 75 reporting of post-employment benefits.

Table A- 2: Condensed Statement of Net Position - Governmental Activities

		Restated	
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Percent
	2025	2024	Change
Current and Other Assets	\$ 21,087,346	\$ 14,604,012	44.4%
Capital Assets	 54,035,936	55,373,149	-2.4%
Total Assets	75,123,282	69,977,161	7.4%
Pensions	7,617,661	9,045,243	-15.8%
OPEB (GASB 75)	 25,208,028	29,352,155	-14.1%
Total Deferred Outflows	 32,825,689	38,397,398	-14.5%
	\$ 107,948,971	\$ 108,374,559	-0.4%
Current Liabilities	\$ 9,157,734	\$ 5,504,590	66.4%
Long-Term Liabilities	259,953,849	254,759,695	2.0%
Total Liabilities	269,111,583	260,264,285	3.4%
Pensions	3,784,719	2,107,850	79.6%
OPEB (GASB 75)	 17,839,734	14,340,309	24.4%
Total Deferred Inflows	21,624,453	16,448,159	31.5%
Net Position			
Net Investment in			
Capital Assets	40,930,667	40,705,546	0.6%
Restricted	4,654,585	4,641,881	0.3%
Unrestricted	(228,372,317)	(213,685,312)	6.9%
Total Net Position	\$ (182,787,065)	\$ (168,337,885)	8.6%
	\$ 107,948,971	\$ 108,374,559	-0.4%

Changes in Net Position

The District's fiscal year 2025 revenues totaled \$55.8 million. (See Table A-3) Property taxes and state formula aid accounted for most of the District's revenue by contributing 33.1 percent and 53.8 percent, respectively, of every dollar raised. (See Table A-4) The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants, and other miscellaneous sources.

The total cost of all programs and services totaled \$70.3 million for fiscal year 2025. These expenses are predominantly support to general instruction and caring for (pupil services) and transporting students. (See Table A-5) Net position decreased by \$14.4 million.

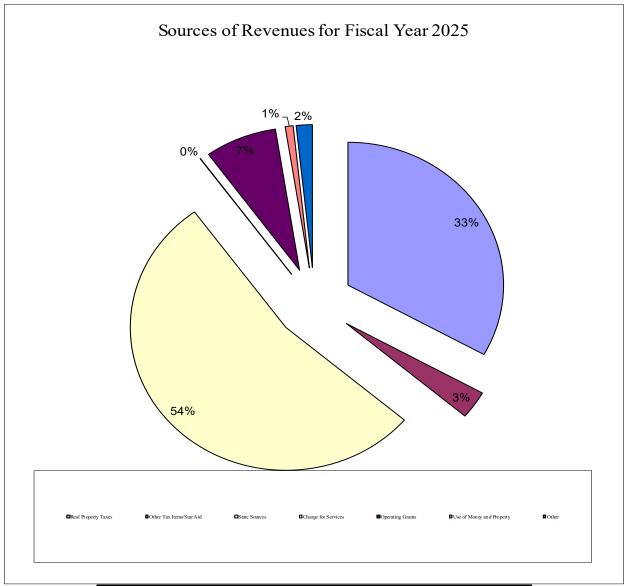
Table A-3: Changes in Net Position from Operating Results

Revenues	Fiscal Year 2025		Fiscal Year 2024		Total % Change
Programs Revenues					
Charge for Services	\$	22,944	\$	18,521	23.88%
Operating Grants		4,169,681		6,103,911	-31.69%
General Revenues					
Property Taxes		18,460,105		17,808,211	3.66%
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid		1,751,526		1,848,774	-5.26%
State Formula Aid		30,013,569		29,411,121	2.05%
Use of Money and Property		458,206		404,364	13.32%
Other		930,529		784,087	18.68%
Total Revenues		55,806,560		56,378,989	-1.02%
Expenses					
Instruction		26,340,573		27,808,419	-5.28%
General Support		8,002,275		6,993,858	14.42%
Pupil Transportation		3,060,258		3,257,019	-6.04%
Employee Benefits		31,974,883		36,388,400	-12.13%
Other		877,751		859,116	2.17%
Total Expenses		70,255,740		75,306,812	-6.71%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	(14,449,180)	\$	(18,927,823)	-23.66%

Revenues for the District's governmental activities totaled \$55.8 million while total expenses equaled \$70.3 million. Therefore, the decrease in net position for governmental activities was \$14,449,180 in 2025. The decrease resulted from the increase in post-employment expenditures. The continuation of the District's good financial condition, absent Post-employment Benefit amounts, can be credited to:

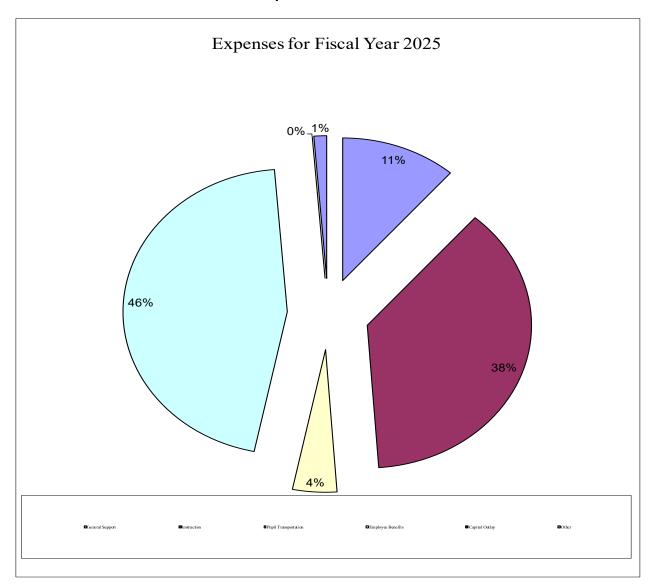
- Continued stability of the District's governing team;
- Approval of the District's proposed annual budget;
- Continued state and federal aid;
- Capital Project Financial Plan;
- Multi-Year Financial Planning;
- Investment of idle funds and
- Conservative budgeting

Table A-4 Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Year 2025



Revenue Source	Amount
Real Property Taxes	\$ 18,460,105
Other Tax Items/Star Aid	1,751,526
State Sources	30,013,569
Charge for Services	22,944
Operating Grants	4,169,681
Use of Money and Property	458,206
Other	930,529
Total	\$ 55,806,560

Table A-5 Expenses for Fiscal Year 2025



Expenditures	Amount
General Support	\$ 8,002,275
Instruction	26,340,573
Pupil Transportation	3,060,258
Employee Benefits	31,974,883
Capital Outlay	-
Other	877,751
Total	\$ 70,255,740

Table A-6 presents the cost of the District's activities. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions

Table A-6: Net Cost of Governmental Activities

					Res	tated	l
	202	25		2024			
	Total Cost		Net Cost		Total Cost		Net Cost
Instruction	\$ 26,340,573	\$	23,458,835	\$	27,808,419	\$	22,925,906
General Support	8,002,275		8,002,275		6,993,858		6,993,858
Employee Benefits	31,974,883		31,974,883		36,918,943		36,918,943
Cost of Sales (School Lunch)	499,236		(811,651)		449,457		(790,462)
Pupil Transportation	3,060,258		3,060,258		3,257,019		3,257,019
Other Costs	378,515		378,515		409,659		409,659
Total	\$ 70,255,740	\$	66,063,115	\$	75,837,355	\$	69,714,923

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$70.3 million.
- The users of the District's programs financed some of the cost.
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$4.2 million)
- Most of the District's net costs (\$66.0 million) were financed by taxpayers and state aid.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the governmental fund financial statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide financial statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds.

Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt. See Table A-7 for an analysis of the District's governmental funds.

Table A-7: Schedule of General Fund Revenues and Expenditure – Budget and Actual Year End June 30, 2025

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
Revenues:				
Local Sources:				
Real Property Taxes	\$ 18,461,727	\$ 18,461,727	\$ 18,460,105	\$ (1,622)
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	1,754,037	1,754,037	1,751,526	(2,511)
Other Districts and Governments	301,276	301,276	255,506	(45,770)
Use of Money and Property	200,000	200,000	426,194	226,194
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	8,000	8,000	5,377	(2,623)
Miscellaneous	388,000	401,122	450,021	48,899
State Sources	30,269,913	30,269,913	30,013,569	(256,344)
Federal Sources	100,000	100,000	106,237	6,237
Total Revenues	51,482,953	51,496,075	51,468,535	(27,540)
Other sources and uses:				
Interfund Transfers	50,000	50,000	50,000	
Appropriated Fund Balance				
Prior year appropriated surplus	2,567,216	2,067,216	-	
Appropriated reserves	· · · · -	1,515,000	-	
Prior year encumbrances	-	41,512	-	
Total appropriated fund balance	2,567,216	3,623,728	-	
Total revenues, other sources and uses, and appropriated fund balance	\$ 54,100,169	\$ 55,169,803	51,518,535	

Expenditures:	Adopted Budget		Final Budget	(B	Actual udgetary Basis)	En	Year-end	Vá I	inal Budget ariance with Budgetary Actual and cumbrances
General Support:			40.500	•	00.007	•		•	0.050
Board of Education	. ,	113	,	\$	36,637	\$	-	\$	6,956
Central Administration	262,0		348,002		347,263		-		739
Finance	465,7		486,772		484,338		-		2,434
Staff	393,8		416,559		366,509				50,050
Central Services	3,073,6		3,068,235		2,879,741		1,992		186,502
Special Items	1,520,8	394	1,516,211		1,434,925		-		81,286
Instructional:									
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement	1,804,1		1,883,501		1,866,132		34		17,335
Teaching - Regular School	11,124,9	926	11,391,011		11,179,923		5,287		205,801
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	7,561,0)29	7,251,252		6,677,624		-		573,628
Programs for English Language Learners	64,1	128	64,246		64,245		-		1
Occupational Education	1,182,4	198	1,182,498		1,165,133		-		17,365
Instructional Media	744,8	344	615,346		583,360		3,017		28,969
Pupil Service	1,877,3	339	1,869,573		1,782,923		8,456		78,194
Pupil Transportation	2,837,0	71	2,904,963		2,701,502		4,387		199,074
Employee Benefits	17,847,6	315	17,817,107		16,694,662		-		1,122,445
Debt Service	2,975,9	934	2,975,934		2,890,048		-		85,886
Total Expenditures	53,780,	169	53,834,803		51,154,965		23,173		2,656,665
Other Uses:									
Interfund Transfer	320,0	000	1,335,000		1,270,090		-		64,910
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 54,100,1	169	\$ 55,169,803	,	52,425,055	\$	23,173	\$	2,721,575

 Net change in fund balance
 (906,520)

 Fund balance - beginning
 10,149,852

 Fund balance - ending
 \$ 9,243,332

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2025, the District had invested \$54.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including major renovations to the District's school buildings, athletic facilities, computer and audio-visual equipment.

Table A-8: Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	2025	2024	% Change
Land & Land Improvement	\$ 49,250	\$ 49,250	0.00%
Construction in Progress	228,303	-	-
Buildings	49,171,917	50,731,588	-3.07%
Equipment & Furniture	4,496,107	4,479,573	0.37%
Intangible Right-To-Use	90,359	112,738	-19.85%
Total	\$ 54,035,936	\$ 55,373,149	-2.41%

Long-Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$261.6 million in long-term debt outstanding. This represents an increase of 2.26% from 2024 resulting predominantly from the change in post-employment benefits liability.

Table A-9: Outstanding Long-Term Debt

		Restated	
	2025	2024	% Change
Due to Retirement Systems	\$ 2,103,757	\$ 2,070,679	1.60%
Compensated Absences	1,721,259	1,784,484	-3.54%
Bonds Payable, incl. net premium	15,787,930	17,563,490	-10.11%
Lease Liability	90,359	112,738	-19.85%
Post Employment Benefits	241,902,180	234,280,882	3.25%
Total	\$ 261,605,485	\$ 255,812,273	2.26%

FACTORS BEARING ON THE FUTURE OF DISTRICT

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

 The federal budget's impact on New York State's financial position and the subsequent impact on education funding.

- A trend of declining student enrollment within the District and throughout New York State.
- Anticipated increases in the cost and duration of post-employment benefits.
- New York State's zero-emission bus mandate. The purchase price of zero-emission buses is significantly higher than the purchase price of gasoline or diesel buses, and the transition to zero-emission buses will require costly infrastructure updates.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

Peru Central School District Offices Attn: Kara Bowes 17 School Street, P.O. Box 68 Peru, NY 12972-0068 (518) 643-6004

PFRII	CENTRAI	SCHOOL	DISTRICT

EXHIBIT 1

\$ 107,948,971

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2025

	c	c		т	c
А			⊏		-

ASSETS	
Cash:	
Unrestricted	\$ 6,508,261
Restricted	8,480,844
Receivables:	
State and Federal Aid Receivable	2,175,005
Due from Other Governments	1,138,037
Prepaid Expense	12,464
Accounts Receivable	17,699
Inventories	23,409
Capital Assets, Net	54,035,936
Net Pension Asset-Proportionate Share	2,731,627
Total Assets	75,123,282
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	7,617,661
OPEB (GASB 75)	25,208,028
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	32,825,689
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 107,948,971
LIABILITIES	
Payables:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 761,292
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	4,000,000
Due to other Governments	40
Unearned Revenues	15,702
Due to Teacher's Retirement System	1,900,333
Due to Employees' Retirement System	203,424
Flex Spending	3,567
Long-Term Liabilities	•
Due and payable within one year:	
Bonds Payable - Current	2,083,594
Leases Payable - Current	24,829
Compensated Absences Payable	164,953
Due and payable after one year:	
Bonds Payable - Non-Current	13,704,336
Leases Payable - Non-Current	65,530
Compensated Absences Payable	1,721,259
Other Post-Employment Benefits	241,902,180
Net Pension Liability-Proportionate Share	2,560,544
Total Liabilities	269,111,583
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	3,784,719
OPEB (GASB 75)	17,839,734
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,624,453
. Stal Bolotton lillions of Recoulous	
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	40,930,667
Restricted	4,654,585
Unrestricted	(228,372,317)
Total Net Position	(182,787,065)

Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2025

				PROGRAM		ET (EXPENSE)		
Functions/ Programs		EXPENSES		RGES FOR	•	PERATING GRANTS	C	EVENUE AND CHANGES IN Net Position
General Support	\$	(8,002,275)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(8,002,275)
Instruction	*	(26,340,573)	Ψ	-	•	2,881,738	· •	(23,458,835)
Pupil Transportation		(3,060,258)		_		-,001,700		(3,060,258)
Employee Benefits		(31,974,883)		_		_		(31,974,883)
Debt Services		(378,515)		_		_		(378,515)
Cost of Sales		(499,236)		22,944		1,287,943		811,651
Total Functions			-					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
and Programs	\$	(70,255,740)	\$	22,944	\$	4,169,681		(66,063,115)
General Revenues								
Real Property Taxes								18,460,105
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid								1,751,526
Other Districts and Governments								255,506
Use of Money and Property								458,206
Sale of Property and Compensation	for L	.oss						5,377
Miscellaneous								563,409
State Sources								30,013,569
Federal Sources								106,237
Total General Revenues								51,613,935
Change in Net Position								(14,449,180)
Total Net Position - Beginning	of y	ear, as previous	ly repo	rted				(167,807,342)
Prior period adjustment	(Not	e 15)						(530,543)
Total Net Position - Beginning	of y	ear, as restated						(168,337,885)
Total Net Position - End of Yea	ır						\$	(182,787,065)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2025

ASSETS	GENERAL FUND	S	PECIAL AID		OOL FOOD SERVICE		CAPITAL PROJECTS	9	DEBT ERVICE		N-MAJOR FUNDS		TOTAL
Cash	\$ 6,508,261	\$	AID	\$	LITTIOL	\$	ROJECTO	\$	-	\$	ONDO	\$	6,508,261
Cash - Restricted	2,591,509	Ψ	-	Ψ	310,356	Ψ	4,687,956	Ψ	543,239	Ψ	347,784	Ψ	8,480,844
Due from Other Funds	881,068		-		137,030		4,007,930		343,239		347,704		1,018,098
Inventories	001,000		-		23,409		-		-		-		23,409
Due From State and Federal	1,175,440		891,603		107,962		-		_		-		2,175,005
Due From Other Governments	1,173,440		091,003		107,902		-		-		-		1,138,037
Prepaid Expense	8,716		-		3,748		-		-		-		
Accounts Receivable	17,699		-		3,740		-		-		-		12,464 17,699
Total Assets	\$ 12,320,730	\$	891,603	\$	582,505	\$	4,687,956	\$	543,239	\$	347,784	\$	19,373,817
Total Assets	\$ 12,320,730	<u> </u>	091,003	φ	362,303	Ψ	4,087,930	Φ_	545,259	φ	347,704	<u> </u>	19,373,617
LIABILITIES													
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 667,389	\$	63,501	\$	29,537	\$	865	\$	-	\$	-	\$	761,292
Due to Other Funds	137,030		828,102		-		2,966		50,000		-		1,018,098
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	-		-		-		4,000,000		-		-		4,000,000
Due To Other Governments	-		-		40		-		-		-		40
Due to Teachers' Retirement System	1,900,333		-		-		-		-		-		1,900,333
Due to Employees' Retirement System	203,424		-		-		-		-		-		203,424
Flex Spending	3,567		-		-		-		-		-		3,567
Compensated Absences	164,953		-		-		-		-		-		164,953
Unearned Revenue	702		-		15,000						-		15,702
Total Liabilities	3,077,398		891,603		44,577		4,003,831		50,000				8,067,409
FUND BALANCES													
Nonspendable													
Inventory	-		-		23,409		-		-		-		23,409
Restricted													
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability	1,419,161		-		_		-		-		-		1,419,161
Debt Service	-		-		-		-		493,239		-		493,239
Retirement Reserve - ERS	683,650		-		-		-		-		-		683,650
Retirement Reserve - TRS	266,245		-		_		-		-		-		266,245
Tax Certiorari	201,312		-		_		-		-		-		201,312
Capital Reserve	21,141		-		_		684,125		-		-		705,266
Other	· <u>-</u>		-		-		· <u>-</u>		_		347,784		347,784
School Lunch Service	-		-		514,519		-		-		-		514,519
Assigned													
Encumbrances (Note 11)	23,173		-		-		_		_		-		23,173
Appropriated Fund Balance	2,396,788		-		_		-		-		-		2,396,788
Unassigned	4,231,862		-		_		-		-		-		4,231,862
Total Fund Balances	9,243,332				537,928		684,125		493,239		347,784		11,306,408
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 12,320,730	\$	891,603	\$	582,505	\$	4,687,956	\$	543,239	\$	347,784	\$	19,373,817

EXHIBIT 3

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT 4

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Non-Major Funds	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Real Property Taxes	\$ 18,460,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,460,105
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	1,751,526	-	-	-	-	-	1,751,526
Other Districts and Governments	255,506	-	-	-	-	-	255,506
Use of Money and Property	426,194	-	3,470	-	21,840	6,702	458,206
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	5,377	-	-	-	-	-	5,377
Miscellaneous	450,021	-	7,367	864	-	99,335	557,587
State Sources	30,013,569	1,128,178	428,583	-	-	-	31,570,330
Federal Sources	106,237	1,753,560	798,653	-	-	-	2,658,450
Surplus Food	-	-	60,707	-	-	-	60,707
Sales	-	-	22,944	-	-	-	22,944
Total Revenues	51,468,535	2,881,738	1,321,724	864	21,840	106,037	55,800,738
EXPENDITURES							
General Support	5,549,413	51,498	498,941	-	-	114,475	6,214,327
Instruction	23,319,340	2,564,118	-	-	-	-	25,883,458
Pupil Transportation	2,701,502	-	-	-	-	-	2,701,502
Employee Benefits	16,694,662	299,939	190,769	-	-	-	17,185,370
Debt Service	2,890,048	-	-	-	-	-	2,890,048
Cost of Sales	-	-	499,236	-	-	-	499,236
Capital Outlay	-	17,605	-	1,249,001	-	-	1,266,606
Total Expenditures	51,154,965	2,933,160	1,188,946	1,249,001	-	114,475	56,640,547
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues							
over Expenditures	313,570	(51,422)	132,778	(1,248,137)	21,840	(8,438)	(839,809)

OTHER SOURCES AND USES										
BAN Premium	-	-		-		-		5,822	-	5,822
Bond Proceeds	-	-		-	7	713,594		-	-	713,594
Operating Transfers In	50,000	51,422		-	1,2	218,668		-	-	1,320,090
Operating Transfers (Out)	(1,270,090)			-		-		(50,000)	 -	 (1,320,090)
Total Other Sources and Uses	(1,220,090)	51,422			1,9	932,262	_	(44,178)	-	719,416
Excess (Deficiency) Revenues and Other										
Sources Over Expenditures and Other Uses	(906,520)	-	132	2,778	6	84,125		(22,338)	(8,438)	(120,393)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	10,149,852		40	5,150				515,577	356,222	11,426,801
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 9,243,332	\$ -	\$ 537	7,928	\$ 6	84,125	\$	493,239	\$ 347,784	\$ 11,306,408

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2025

	Cı	ustodial
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	
Total Assets	\$	
NET POSITION		
Net Position	\$	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	-
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Year ended June 30, 2025		
ADDITIONS Library tax collected	\$	10,000
DEDUCTIONS Payment to library		10,000
Change in Net Position		-
Net Position, Beginning		
Net Position, Ending	\$	-

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT 6

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2025

	GO	TOTAL VERNMENT FUNDS		ASSETS,		RECLASSIFICATION AND ELIMINATIONS		AND		ATEMENT OF ET POSITION TOTALS
ASSETS										
Cash	\$	6,508,261	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,508,261		
Cash - Restricted		8,480,844		-		-		8,480,844		
Due From Other Funds		1,018,098		-		(1,018,098)		-		
Inventories		23,409		-		-		23,409		
Due From State and Federal		2,175,005		-		-		2,175,005		
Due From Other Governments		1,138,037		-		-		1,138,037		
Prepaid Expense		12,464		-		_		12,464		
Accounts Receivables		17,699		-		_		17,699		
Capital Assets, Net		-		54,035,936		-		54,035,936		
Net pension asset-proportionate share		-		2,731,627		-		2,731,627		
Total Assets	\$	19,373,817	\$	56,767,563	\$	(1,018,098)	\$_	75,123,282		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pensions		-		7,617,661		_		7,617,661		
OPEB (GASB 75)		-		25,208,028		_		25,208,028		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		32,825,689		_		32,825,689		
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	19,373,817	\$	89,593,252	\$	(1,018,098)	\$	107,948,971		
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$	761.292	\$	_	\$	_	\$	761,292		
Due to Other Funds	,	1,018,098	•	_	•	(1,018,098)	•	-		
Bond Anticipation Notes Payable		4,000,000		_		_		4,000,000		
Due To Other Governments		40		_		-		40		
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		1,900,333		_		_		1,900,333		
Due to Employees' Retirement System		203,424		_		_		203,424		
Flex Spending		3,567		_		_		3,567		
Compensated Absences		164,953		_		_		164,953		
Unearned Revenue		15,702		_		_		15,702		
Long-Term Debt, other than Compensated Absences		-		15,787,930		_		15,787,930		
Leases payable		_		90,359		_		90,359		
Compensated Absences-Long Term		_		1,721,259		_		1,721,259		
Other post employment benefits		_		241,902,180		_		241,902,180		
Net pension liability-proportionate share		_		2,560,544		_		2,560,544		
Total Liabilities		8,067,409		262,062,272		(1,018,098)		269,111,583		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pensions				3,784,719				3,784,719		
OPEB (GASB 75)		-		17,839,734		-		17,839,734		
,	-				-					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				21,624,453				21,624,453		
FUND BALANCE/Net Position										
Total Fund Balance/ Net Position		11,306,408		(194,093,473)	-			(182,787,065)		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Balance/Net Position	\$	19,373,817	\$	89,593,252	\$	(1,018,098)	\$	107,948,971		

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT 7

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2025

	TOTAL	LONG-TERM	CAPITAL	LONG-TERM	RECLASSIFICATION	STATEMENT OF
	GOVERNMENT	REVENUE	RELATED	DEBT	AND	ACTIVITIES
REVENUES	FUNDS	EXPENSES	ITEMS	TRANSACTION	ELIMINATIONS	TOTALS
Real Property Taxes	\$ 18,460,105	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,460,105
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	1,751,526	-	-	-	-	1,751,526
Other Districts and Governments	255,506	-	-	-	-	255,506
Use of Money and Property	458,206	-	-	-	-	458,206
Sale of Property and Compensation for Los	5,377	-	-	-	-	5,377
Miscellaneous	557,587	-	-	-	-	557,587
State Sources	31,570,330	-	-	-	-	31,570,330
Federal Sources	2,658,450	-	-	-	-	2,658,450
Surplus Food	60,707	-	-	-	-	60,707
Sales	22,944	-	-	-	-	22,944
Total Revenues	55,800,738					55,800,738
EXPENDITURES						
General Support	6,214,327	-	1,787,948	-	-	8,002,275
Instruction	25,883,458	-	457,115	-	-	26,340,573
Pupil Transportation	2,701,502	-	358,756	-	-	3,060,258
Employee Benefits	17,185,370	14,789,513	-	-	-	31,974,883
Debt Service	2,890,048	· · · · -	-	(2,511,533)	-	378,515
Cost of Sales	499,236	-	-	-	-	499,236
Capital Outlay	1,266,606	-	(1,266,606)	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	56,640,547	14,789,513	1,337,213	(2,511,533)	-	70,255,740
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues						
over Expenditures	(839,809)	(14,789,513)	(1,337,213)	2,511,533		(14,455,002)
OTHER SOURCES AND USES						
BAN Premium	5,822	_	_	_	_	5,822
Bond Proceeds	713,594	_	_	(713,594)	-	-,
Operating Transfers In	1,320,090	_	_	-	(1,320,090)	_
Operating Transfers Out	(1,320,090)	-	-	_	1,320,090	_
Total Other Sources and Uses	719,416		_	(713,594)	-	5,822
Net Change for the Year	\$ (120,393)	\$(14,789,513)	\$ (1,337,213)	\$ 1,797,939	\$ -	\$ (14,449,180)

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting entity: The Peru Central School District (District) is governed by the Education Law and other general laws of the State of New York. The governing body is the Board of Education of Peru Central School (Board). The Board is the basic level of government, which has oversight responsibilities and control over all activities related to the public school education in the region of Peru Central School District. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in GASB pronouncements, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

B. Basis of presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of good or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operations or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Functional Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The District elects to report all governmental funds as major funds, except for Extraclassroom Activity Fund and Scholarship Fund.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - the general fund is the principal operating fund of the District and is used to account for all financial resources, except those accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

- School Food Service Fund used to account for transactions for the District food service programs.
- Special Aid Funds used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with federal funds or state grants.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - the capital projects funds are to account for and report financial resources to be used for the acquisition, or construction or renovation of major capital facilities, or equipment.

<u>Debt Service</u> - the debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - the fiduciary fund consists of custodial funds and is used to account for and report assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and/or funds. Custodial funds are used to account for property taxes collected on behalf of and payment to the local library. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized by estimating how much will be collected during the ensuing fiscal year. Revenue from grants and donations is in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources

measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days (60 days for property taxes) after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred except for:

- a. Prepaids and inventory-type items are recognized at the time of purchase.
- b. Principal and interest on indebtedness are not recognized as an expenditure until due.
- c. Compensated absences, such as vacation and sick leave, which vests or accumulates, are charged as an expenditure when paid.
- d. Pension costs are recognized as an expenditure when billed by the state.
- e. The School District recognizes the cost of providing post-retirement health insurance coverage and survivor benefits by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the year paid.
- D. <u>Inventories</u>: Inventories of food and supplies in the School Food Service Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value, which approximates market. Purchases of supplies in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end inventory balances are not maintained.
- E. <u>Capital assets:</u> Acquisitions of equipment and capital facilities are treated as expenditures in the various funds of the School District, and are also reflected in the general fixed asset group of accounts. The assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

	Capit Thres	alization shold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$	5,000	Straight Line	50 years
Land Improvements	\$	5,000	Straight Line	20 years
Machinery and Equipment	\$	5,000	Straight Line	5-20 years

F. <u>Unearned revenue</u>: Unearned revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying

expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability of unearned revenues is removed and revenues are recognized.

- G. <u>Deferred Compensation</u>: Employees of the District may elect to participate in an Employees Deferred Compensation Plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). The plan, available to all employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years, usually after retirement.
- H. Post-Employment Benefits: In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is paid by the District or is shared between the District and the retired employee, depending on length of service and/or classification of employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums for retirees and their dependents as an expenditure or operating transfer to other funds in the General Fund in the year paid.
- I. <u>Property Taxes</u>: Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Clinton. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes is transmitted to the county for enforcement and is paid by the county to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1st.
- J. <u>Retirement plan</u>: The School District provides retirement benefits for substantially all of its regular full-time employees through contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System and the New York State Employees' Retirement System. These systems provide various plans and options, some of which require employee contributions.

K. Budgetary Procedures and Budgetary Accounting

a. General

The School District's policy relating to budgetary information as shown in the accompanying financial statements is as follows:

A public hearing is held upon completion and filing of the tentative budget. Subsequent to such public hearing, the budget is adopted by the Board of Education. The budget is then approved by the voters within the School District. Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute limitations on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred.

The New York Uniform System of Accounts requires that fixed budgetary control

be used for all governmental fund types.

Budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

b. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as part of assigned fund balance and such commitments will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year. Encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

L. Equity Classifications:

District- wide statements:

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets.

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on those assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position – reports all other net position that do not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

Fund statements:

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

Non-spendable fund balance – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Non-spendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the School Food Service Fund of \$23,409.

Restricted – includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The School District has established the following restricted fund balances in the General Fund:

Employee Benefits Accrued Liability

According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Capital

According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Retirement Contributions

According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used for financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Committed – Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision-making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The School District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2025.

Assigned – Includes amounts that are constrained by the school district's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General fund are classified as Assigned Fund Balance in the General Fund. Encumbrances reported in the General Fund amounted to \$23,173.

Unassigned – Includes all other General Fund amounts that does not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the School District.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the School District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

- M. Events Occurring After Reporting Date: The District has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between June 30, 2025 and October 3, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.
- N. <u>Short-term debt:</u> The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN) in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.
- O. <u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.
- P. <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:</u> In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension system not included in pension expense. The seconds item is the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date. The third item relates to OPEB reporting in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This amount represents contributions subsequent to the measurement date, and differences between expected and actual experience.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in the pension expense. The second item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effects of the changes in assumptions or other inputs.

Q. New Accounting Standards:

The District has adopted and implemented all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable as of June 30, 2025, including GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*.

Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources of the governmental funds.

A. Total fund balances of governmental funds vs. net position of governmental activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives.

Because the governmental funds focus on short-term financing, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets (for example, receivables) are offset by deferred revenue in the governmental funds, and thus are not included in the fund balance. They are, however, included in the net position of the governmental activities. As of June 30, 2025, the District did not have any assets unavailable to pay for current-period expenditures.

Long-term liabilities are reported in the Statements of Net position, but not in the governmental funds, because they are not due and payable in the current period.

Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Fund Balances and District Wide Net Assets

Ending fund balance reported on Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 3)	\$ 11,306,408
Capital assets net of related depreciation	54,035,936
Net pension asset	2,731,627
Deferred outflows: Pensions - TRS	6,381,699
Pensions - ERS	1,235,962
OPEB (GASB 75)	25,208,028
Liabilities, long term: Bonds payable	(15,787,930)
Other post employment benefits	(241,902,180)
Compensated absences Leases payable	(1,721,259) (90,359)
Net pension liability	(2,560,544)
Deferred inflows:	(2.000.754)
Pensions - TRS Pensions - ERS	(3,609,751) (174,968)
OPEB (GASB 75)	 (17,839,734)
Ending net position reported on Statement of Net Position (Exhibit 1)	\$ (182,787,065)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities.

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur as a result of proceeds from serial bonds reflected as revenue in governmental funds whereas they are a liability on the statement of net position. Also, both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net position.

4. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Other post-employment benefits occur because retiree health insurance premiums are paid and recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements as incurred. GASB 75 requires an actuarial calculation of the future liability and to record the Net OPEB Obligation in the Statement of Net Position.

5. Pension Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

Explanation of Differences Between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and other Funding Sources

Revenues:

Total Revenue reported in Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 55,800,738
No current year adjustments	
Total Revenues Statement of Activities (Exhibit 7)	\$ 55,800,738
Expenditures:	
Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 56,640,547
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Compensated absences used exceeded the amount earned during the year.	(63,225)
When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization exceeded capital expenditures in the current year.	1,337,213
OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.	15,264,850
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities,	(2,305,000)
During the 2020-2021 year, the District refunded some of its existing debt in a current refinancing. The District received \$1,496,646 as bond premium, which will be amortized over the life of the new debt (15 years). The District also received a premium on a new bond issue of \$280,662 which will also be amortized over the life of the bond (6 years).	(184,154)
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 2. Explanation of Certain Differences Between Governmental Fund Statements and District-wide Statements (continued)

Repyament of leases is required to be reported as an expense in the governmental funds, but reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	(22,379)
(Increases) decreases in proportionate share of net pensions asset/liability Teachers' Retirement System Employees' Retirement System	(256,609) (155,503)
Total expenses of governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit 7)	\$ 70,255,740
Other Sources and Uses:	
Total other sources and uses in government funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 719,416
Proceeds from long term debt are other sources of income in the Capital Projects Fund, but are removed from the Statement of Activities and shown as a long term liability on the Statement of Net Position	 (713,594)
Total other sources and uses in Statement of Activities (Exhibit 7)	\$ 5,822

Note 3. Cash and Investments

The District's investment policies are governed by State statutes and the District's own written policy. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposits. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposits not covered by Federal Deposit Insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities and Districts.

At June 30, 2025, the District's bank balances totaled \$10,442,253, of which, \$500,000 was covered by Federal depository insurance and \$9,942,253 was covered by collateral held by the pledging banks in the District's name.

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash at June 30, 2025 was \$8,480,844.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 4. Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund balances and activity at June 30, 2025 and for the fiscal year then ended, were as follows:

		Interfund		Interfund In		Interfund		Interfund
	F	Receivable Payable I		Revenues		Expenditure		
General Fund	\$	881,068	\$	137,030	\$	50,000	\$	1,270,090
School Food Service		137,030		-		-		-
Special Aid Fund		-		828,102		51,422		-
Debt Service		-		50,000		-		50,000
Capital Fund		-		2,966		1,218,668		-
	\$	1,018,098	\$	1,018,098	\$	1,320,090	\$	1,320,090

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

The district typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers money from the General Fund to the Special Aid Find for its share of special aid programs.

The District transferred funds from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for funding the capital project.

The District transferred funds from the Debt Service Fund to the General Fund to support debt service payments.

Note 5. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination, or death.

Certain collective bargaining agreements require these payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employees 403(b) plan.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District recognizes a liability for compensated absences, including vacation and sick leave, when employees have earned the right to the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

5. Compensated Absences (continued)

leave and it is more likely than not that the leave will be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash, or settled through other means. The liability is measured at the employee's rate of pay at the reporting date, including salary-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes.

In the fund statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30th.

Note 6. Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital assets that				
are not Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 49,250	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,250
Construction in Progress	_	228,303	-	228,303
	49,250	228,303	-	277,553
Capital assets that				
are Depreciated				
Buildings	86,526,526	205,898	8,004	86,724,420
Machinery and Equipment	11,376,932	884,799	512,138	11,749,593
Total Depreciable Historical Cost	97,903,458	1,090,697	520,142	98,474,013
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Buildings	35,794,938	1,765,569	8,004	37,552,503
Machinery and Equipment	6,897,359	868,265	512,138	7,253,486
Total Accumulated Depreciation	42,692,297	2,633,834	520,142	44,805,989
Total Depreciable Historical Cost, Net	55,211,161	(1,543,137)	-	53,668,024
Intangible right-to-use assets:				
Leased equipment	131,731	-	-	131,731
Less accumulated amortization	18,993	22,379	-	41,372
Net intangible right-to-use assets:	112,738	(22,379)	-	90,359
Total Capital Assets	\$ 55,373,149	(1,314,834)	-	\$ 54,035,936

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 6. Capital Assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	6/30/2025		
General support	\$	1,787,948	
Instruction		457,115	
Pupil Transportation		411,150	
	\$	2,656,213	

Note 7. Indebtedness

<u>Short-Term Debt</u> – the following is a summary of short-term debt:

Description of Issue	Year Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	O	outstanding 6/30/25
Bond Anticipation Note	6/25/2025	6/25/2026	3.50%	\$	4,000,000
Total				\$	4,000,000

Long-Term Debt:

1. Long-Term Debt Interest

Interest expense paid was \$550,784 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

2. The Changes in the District's indebtedness during the year ended June 30, 2025 are summarized as follows:

	Restated			
	Balance			Balance
	6/30/2024	Additions	Deletions	6/30/2025
Serial Bonds	\$ 16,665,000	\$ 713,594	\$ 2,305,000	\$ 15,073,594
Bond Premium, net of amort	898,490	-	184,154	714,336
Compensated Absences	1,784,484	-	63,225	1,721,259
Other Post Employment Benefits	234,280,882	7,621,298	-	241,902,180
Leases payable	112,738	-	22,379	90,359
Total	\$ 253,741,594	\$ 8,334,892	\$ 2,574,758	\$ 259,501,728

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

3. Maturity

a) The following is a summary of maturity of indebtedness:

,	•				
	Year	Final	Interest		Dutstanding
Description of Issue	Issue Date	Maturity	Rate		6/30/25
Serial Bond	9/15/2015	6/15/2031	3.00%	\$	610,000
Serial Bond	6/17/2013	6/15/2029	2.99%		115,000
Serial Bond	5/20/2020	6/15/2035	2.25-2.75%		8,180,000
Serial Bond	6/16/2021	6/15/2036	4.00-5.00%		4,750,000
Serial Bond	10/10/2020	6/15/2026	2.00-4.00%		375,000
Serial Bond	4/6/2023	12/15/2027	4.00-4.125%		330,000
Serial Bond	3/26/2025	6/15/2029	4.00%		713,594
Bond Premium, net of amort					714,336
		Total Long-Tern	n Debt		15,787,930
		Less Current Portion			2,083,594
		Long-Term Port	ion	\$	13,704,336

b) The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Principal		Interest		Total	
2026	\$ 2,083,594	\$	502,089	\$	2,585,683	
2027	1,705,000		434,912		2,139,912	
2028	1,720,000		374,429		2,094,429	
2029	1,690,000		315,477		2,005,477	
2030	1,535,000		288,038		1,823,038	
2031-2035	6,080,000		675,500		6,755,500	
2036-2040	260,000		55,900		315,900	
	\$ 15,073,594	\$	2,646,345	\$	17,719,939	

Leases:

Lease liabilities are comprised of the following:

		Final	Interest	Ou	tstanding
Description of Issue	Issue Date	Maturity	Rate	6	6/30/25
Copier Lease #476	5/20/2022	4/15/2027	4.91%		16,611
Symquest Copier Lease	2/19/2024	2/19/2029	13.23%		73,748
Total				\$	90,359

Interest paid was \$11,884 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

The lease equipment and accumulated amortization of the right-to-use asset is outlined in Note 6.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 7. Indebtedness (continued)

Minimum lease payments over the next five years include:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	P	Principal Interest		Total		
2026	\$	24,829	\$	9,436	\$	34,265
2027		27,588		6,677		34,265
2028		21,761		3,731		25,492
2029		16,181		813		16,994
	\$	90,359	\$	20,657	\$	111,016

Note 8. Pensions

Pension Obligations

New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement (TRS) (the Systems.)

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided:

Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

The District participates in the New York Teachers' retirement System (TRS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. The System is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. System benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

Employees' Retirement System (ERS)

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer retirement system. The System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 8. Pensions (continued)

membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of State statute. The District also participated in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

CONTRIBUTIONS

	 ERS	TRS
2025	\$ 689,623	\$ 1,706,144
2024	\$ 567,646	\$ 1,713,455
2023	\$ 461,405	\$ 1,571,062

ERS has provided additional disclosures for entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57, and 105.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025 the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2025 for ERS and June 30, 2024 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the System relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 8. Pensions (continued)

	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Measurement Date	3/31/2025	6/30/2024
Net Pension asset/(liability)	\$ (2,560,544) \$	2,731,627
District's portion of the Plan's total		
net pension asset/(liability)	-0.0149340%	0.091554%
Change in proportion since the prior		
measurement date	\$ (246,113) \$	3,762,676

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District's recognized pension expense (income) of \$563,977 for ERS and \$1,459,214 for TRS. At June 30, 2025 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Info		
		<u>ERS</u>	TRS	<u>ERS</u>	TRS
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	\$	635,544	\$ 2,941,460	\$ 29,979 \$	-
Changes of assumptions		107,384	1,634,066	-	274,865
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		200,893	-	-	3,035,070
Changes in proportion and differences between the Districts' contributions and proportionate share of contributions		88,716	100,357	144,989	299,816
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		203,425	1,705,816	-	-
Total	\$	1,235,962	\$ 6,381,699	\$ 174,968 \$	3,609,751

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follow:

	ERS	TRS
Year ended:		
2025	\$ -	\$ (1,454,600)
2026	423,579	3,315,549
2027	657,237	(613,361)
2028	(225,736) (658,737)
2029	2,489	345,976
Thereafter	-	131,305
Total	\$ 857,569	\$ 1,066,132

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 8. Pensions (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward to total pension liability to the measurement date.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

Measurement date	<u>ERS</u> 3/31/2025	<u>TRS</u> 6/30/2024
Actuarial valuation date	4/1/2024	6/30/2023
Interest rate	5.9%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.3%	1.95%-5.18%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015- March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015- June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.9%	2.40%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan members experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021.

For ERS, the Actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2024 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

The Long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a build block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 8. Pensions (continued)

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement Date	3/31/2025	6/30/2024
Asset Type:	%	%
Domestic equity	3.54	6.60
International equity	6.57	7.40
Private equity	7.25	10.00
Real estate	4.95	6.30
Domestic fixed income securities	-	2.60
Opportunistic/ARS portfolio	5.25	-
Credit	5.40	-
Real assets	5.55	-
Fixed income	2.00	-
Cash	0.25	0.50
Private debt	-	5.90
Global equities	-	6.90
Global bonds	-	2.50
High-yield bonds	-	4.80
Real estate debt	-	3.90

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.9% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions form plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share for the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption</u>

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the Districts' proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1% higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 8. Pensions (continued)

ERS	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase	
	4.9%	5.9%	6.9%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (7,410,536)	\$ (2,560,544)	\$ 1,489,203	
TRS	1%	Current	1%	
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase	
	5.95%	6.95%	7.95%	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (12,617,540)	\$ 2,731,627	\$ 15,640,688	

Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 amounted to \$203,424.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2025 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contribution for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 amounted to \$1,900,333.

Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits

The District provides Post-employment (health insurance, etc.) coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements. Post-employment benefits aggregating \$7,038,053 for 418 employees were charged to expenses/expenditures in the Governmental Funds in the current year.

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2025, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments

Active employees

346

Active employees

676

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$241,902,180 was measured as of July 1, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.6 percent

Salary Increases 3.25 percent

Discount Rate 3.93 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates 6.5 percent for 2026, decreasing to a rate of 4.04

percent for 2085 and later years

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer Weekly 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality Table and adjusted for mortality improvements with scale MP-2021 on a generational basis.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 234,280,882
Changes for the Year-	
Service Cost	6,032,944
Interest	8,628,876
Changes of benefit terms	8,368
Differences between expected and actual experience	10,187,377
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(9,423,792)
Benefit payments	(7,812,475)
Net Changes	7,621,298
	 _
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 241,902,180

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.65% in 2024 to 3.93% in 2025.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.93 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (3.93 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Discount		1%
	Decrease	Rate		Increase
	2.93%	3.93%		4.93%
				-
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 280,549,193	\$ 241,902,180	\$	210,744,384

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 207,915,927	\$ 241,902,180	\$ 285,329,761

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 9. Post-Employment (Health Insurance) Benefits (continued)

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$25,144,140. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs Contributions subsequent to the measurement period	\$ 13,266,878 2,061,860 9,879,290	\$ - 17,839,734 -	
Total	\$ 25,208,028	\$ 17,839,734	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amount		
2026	\$	540,335	
2027		(2,003,299)	
2028		(1,023,819)	
2029		(66,073)	
2030		41,860	
2031 and Thereafter			
	\$	(2,510,996)	

Note 10. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Risk Financing and Related Insurance</u> - The Peru Central School District is exposed to the risk of various types of loss which includes torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and injuries to employees and students. These risks, and settled claims, are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 11. Assigned Fund Balance – Encumbrances

Assigned Fund Balance – Other includes year end encumbrances as follows:

General Fund

Central Services	\$ 1,992
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement	34
Teaching - Regular School	5,287
Instructional Media	3,017
Pupil Service	8,456
Pupil Transporation	4,387
	\$ 23,173

Note 12. Joint Venture

The Peru Central School is one of 16 component school districts in the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities.

BOCES are organized under Section 1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (Section 1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are also considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section 119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7).

There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section 1950 of the Education Law.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Peru Central School District was billed \$4,993,704 for BOCES administrative and program costs. Participating school districts issue debt on behalf of BOCES. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Peru Central School District issued no serial bonds on behalf of BOCES. General-purpose financial statements for the Clinton-Essex-Warren-Washington BOCES are available from BOCES administrative office at P.O. Box 485, Plattsburgh, New York. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$2,222,132. BOCES also refunded the District \$286.613 for excess expenses billed in prior years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2025

Note 13. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The District's unassigned general fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2025 was \$4,231,862, which represents 7.60% of next year's budget. The excess amounted to \$2,005,611.

Note 14. Tax Abatements

Clinton County enters into various property tax abatements programs for the purpose of economic development. The District property tax revenue was reduced \$288,400. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) totaling \$177,471.

Note 15. Prior Period Adjustment – GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented GASB No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which created a prior period adjustment for an additional compensated absences liability of \$530,543. See Note 5 for additional information.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2025

	Sc	cholarship	A	Activities		
		Fund	Fund			Total
ASSETS						
Cash	\$	246,724	\$	101,060	\$	347,784
Total Assets	\$	246,724	\$	101,060	\$	347,784
FUND BALANCES						
Total Fund Balances	\$	246,724	\$	101,060	\$	347,784

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - NON-MAJOR FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Sc	holarship Fund	raclassroom Activities Fund	Total
REVENUES		T dild	1 dild	Total
Gifts and contributions	\$	2,450	\$ -	\$ 2,450
Miscellaneous revenue		-	96,885	96,885
Investment earnings		6,702	-	6,702
Total revenues		9,152	96,885	106,037
EXPENDITURES Scholarships and awards Disbursements-extraclassroom		9,411 -	- 105,064	9,411 105,064
Total expenditures		9,411	105,064	114,475
Changes in Fund Balances		(259)	(8,179)	(8,438)
Fund Balances, Beginning		246,983	109,239	356,222
Fund Balances, Ending	\$	246,724	\$ 101,060	\$ 347,784

SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT Year Ended June 30, 2025

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted budget		\$ 54,100,169
Additions: Encumbrances - fiscal year 2024 Donations Appropriated reserves - capital, additional public vote Total additions	41,512 13,122 1,015,000	1,069,634
Final budget		\$ 55,169,803
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		
2025-26 expenditure budget		\$ 55,656,269
Maximum allowed (4% of 2025-26 budget)		 2,226,251
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Committed fund balance Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	2,419,961 4,231,862 6,651,823	
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance Total adjustments	2,396,788 23,173 2,419,961	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		\$ 4,231,862
Actual percentage		7.60%

SCHEDULE OF GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Budgetary Actual
Revenues:		_		
Local Sources:				
Real Property Taxes	\$ 18,461,727	\$ 18,461,727	\$ 18,460,105	\$ (1,622)
Other Tax Items/STAR Aid	1,754,037	1,754,037	1,751,526	(2,511)
Other Districts and Governments	301,276	301,276	255,506	(45,770)
Use of Money and Property	200,000	200,000	426,194	226,194
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	8,000	8,000	5,377	(2,623)
Miscellaneous	388,000	401,122	450,021	48,899
State Sources	30,269,913	30,269,913	30,013,569	(256,344)
Federal Sources	100,000	100,000	106,237	6,237
Total Revenues	51,482,953	51,496,075	51,468,535	(27,540)
Other sources and uses:				
Interfund Transfers	50,000	50,000	50,000	-
Appropriated Fund Balance				
Prior year appropriated surplus	2,567,216	2,067,216	_	
Appropriated reserves	-	1,515,000	-	
Prior year encumbrances	-	41,512	_	
Total appropriated fund balance	2,567,216	3,623,728	-	•
Total revenues, other sources and uses, and appropriated fund balance	\$ 54,100,169	\$ 55,169,803	51,518,535	

		Adopted		Final	Actual			Year-end	Е	riance with Budgetary Actual and
Expenditures:	Budget		Budget		(B	(Budgetary Basis)		ncumbrances	End	cumbrances
General Support:										
Board of Education	\$	44,413	\$,	\$	36,637	\$	-	\$	6,956
Central Administration		262,054		348,002		347,263		-		739
Finance		465,798		486,772		484,338		-		2,434
Staff		393,888		416,559		366,509		-		50,050
Central Services		3,073,602		3,068,235		2,879,741		1,992		186,502
Special Items		1,520,894		1,516,211		1,434,925		-		81,286
Instructional:										
Instruction, Administration, and Improvement		1,804,136		1,883,501		1,866,132		34		17,335
Teaching - Regular School		11,124,926		11,391,011		11,179,923		5,287		205,801
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions		7,561,029		7,251,252		6,677,624		-		573,628
Programs for English Language Learners		64,128		64,246		64,245		-		1
Occupational Education		1,182,498		1,182,498		1,165,133		-		17,365
Instructional Media		744,844		615,346		583,360		3,017		28,969
Pupil Service		1,877,339		1,869,573		1,782,923		8,456		78,194
Pupil Transportation		2,837,071		2,904,963		2,701,502		4,387		199,074
Employee Benefits		17,847,615		17,817,107		16,694,662		-		1,122,445
Debt Service		2,975,934		2,975,934		2,890,048		-		85,886
Total Expenditures		53,780,169		53,834,803		51,154,965		23,173		2,656,665
Other Uses:										
Interfund Transfer		320,000		1,335,000		1,270,090		-		64,910
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$:	54,100,169	\$	55,169,803	<u>. </u>	52,425,055	\$	23,173	\$	2,721,575
Net change in fund balance						(906,520)				
-						•				
Fund balance - beginning						10,149,852				
Fund balance - ending					\$	9,243,332				

SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES-CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2025

										Methods of Financing							
Project Title	Ą	Original opropriation	A	Revised ppropriation	Prior ears	Current Year	Total	,	verexpended) Inexpended Balance		Proceeds of Obligations	S	tate Aid		Local ources	Total	Fund Balance ne 30, 2025
Buses 2024-2025	\$	713,595	\$	713,595 \$	-	\$ 713,595	\$ 713,595	\$	-	\$	713,595	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 713,595	\$ -
Capital Project 2024		5,430,000		5,430,000	-	535,406	535,406		4,894,594		-		-	1,	,219,531	1,219,531	684,125
Totals	\$	8,272,864	\$	8,272,864 \$	2,155,205	\$ 1,249,001	\$ 3,404,206	\$	4,868,658	\$	713,595	\$ 2	,155,205	\$ 1	,219,531	\$ 4,088,331	\$ 684,125

NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS Year Ended June 30, 2025

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 54,035,936
Deduct BAN	(4,000,000)
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable and other long-term debt	(2,083,594)
Long-term portion of bonds payable and other long-term debt,	(12,990,000)
Bond premium, net of amortization	(714,336)
Short-term portion of lease payable	(24,829)
Long-term portion of lease payable	(65,530)
Add:	
Bonds payable used for BOCES project	2,773,020
BAN proceeds unspent	4,000,000
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 40,930,667

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Measurement Date	July 1, 2024	July 1, 2023	July 1, 2022	July 1, 2021	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2019	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2017
Service Cost	\$ 6,032,944	\$ 6,322,441	\$ 7,374,191	\$ 7,404,130	\$ 4,280,598	\$ 4,611,439	\$ 4,284,249	\$ 5,572,606
Interest	8,628,876	8,271,664	5,093,280	5,076,591	5,674,158	5,934,960	5,319,218	4,635,633
Changes in benefit terms	8,368	-	(760,463)	-	(460,358)	-	(2,036,387)	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	10,187,377	-	10,049,591	-	19,156,991	-	13,461,754	-
Changes of assumption or other inputs	(9,423,792)	(3,967,868)	(17,906,815)	2,646,261	41,988,033	4,107,157	(10,710,586)	(19,246,359)
Benefit payments	(7,812,475)	(7,371,471)	(6,906,441)	(6,700,164)	(5,643,321)	(5,480,792)	(4,605,903)	(4,536,683)
Net change in total OPEB liability	7,621,298	3,254,766	(3,056,657)	8,426,818	64,996,101	9,172,764	5,712,345	(13,574,803)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	234,280,882	231,026,116	234,082,773	225,655,955	160,659,854	151,487,090	145,774,745	159,349,548
Total OPEB liability - Ending	\$ 241,902,180	\$234,280,882	\$ 231,026,116	\$ 234,082,773	\$ 225,655,955	\$ 160,659,854	\$ 151,487,090	\$ 145,774,745
	A 04.007.000	A 04 000 050	A 00 700 400	* 40.050.400	A 00 000 500	* 40.005.000	A 40.075.400	A 40 040 045
Covered payroll	\$ 24,627,362	\$ 24,038,259	\$ 22,706,430	\$ 19,856,486	\$ 20,283,592	\$ 19,935,902	\$ 18,275,488	\$ 18,812,845
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	982%	988%	1032%	1221%	1113%	806%	829%	775%

10 years of historical information will not be available upon implementation. An additional year of historical information will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is available.

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the change in the discount rate from 3.65% to 3.93% at the current measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY / (ASSET) Year Ended June 30, 2025

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0149340%	0.0157187%	0.0147633%	-0.0131907%	0.0140334%	0.0133467%	0.0128538%	0.0133513%	0.0123419%	0.0128376%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	2,560,544	2,314,431	3,165,852	(1,078,289)	13,974	3,534,275	910,731	430,906	1,159,676	2,060,474
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	7,828,025	6,004,442	5,978,605	5,360,771	4,964,979	5,270,820	4,589,952	4,025,899	4,474,864	4,168,916
Districts proportionate share of the net pens liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	ion	32.71%	38.55%	52.95%	-20.11%	0.28%	67.05%	19.84%	10.70%	25.92%	49.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	of	93.08%	93.88%	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2025

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 689,623	567,646	461,405	596,806	599,469	536,393	549,435	555,599	543,097	593,266
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 689,623	567,646	461,405	596,806	599,469	536,393	549,435	555,599	543,097	593,266
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Districts covered-employee payroll	\$ 7,828,025	6,004,442	5,978,605	5,360,771	4,964,979	5,270,820	4,589,952	4,025,899	4,474,864	4,168,916
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	8.8%	9.5%	7.7%	11.1%	12.1%	10.18%	11.97%	13.80%	12.14%	14.23%

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY / (ASSET) Year Ended June 30, 2025

NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		-0.091554%	0.090159%	0.090494%	-0.084214%	0.083257%	-0.088311%	-0.086236%	-0.087124%	0.084166%	-0.080688%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(2,731,627)	1,031,049	1,736,480	(14,577,869)	2,300,607	(2,294,335)	(1,559,380)	(662,231)	901,451	(8,380,920)
District's covered- employee payroll	\$	18,159,676	18,622,921	18,059,654	17,345,659	14,891,507	15,012,772	15,345,949	14,249,589	14,337,981	13,502,814
Districts proportionate share of the net pensicliability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	on	-15.04%	5.54%	9.62%	-84.04%	15.45%	-15.28%	-10.16%	-4.65%	6.29%	-62.07%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	:	102.10%	99.20%	98.60%	113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of 06/30

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS Year Ended June 30, 2025

NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,706,144	1,713,455	1,571,062	1,360,744	1,252,033	1,565,452	1,376,599	1,618,100	1,722,159	2,124,714
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 1,706,144	1,713,455	1,571,062	1,360,744	1,252,033	1,565,452	1,376,599	1,618,100	1,722,159	2,124,714
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Districts covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,159,676	18,622,921	18,059,654	17,345,659	14,891,507	15,012,772	15,345,949	14,249,589	14,337,981	13,502,814
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	9.40%	9.20%	8.70%	7.84%	8.41%	10.43%	8.97%	11.36%	12.01%	15.74%

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Federal CFDA	Pass-Through Entity Identifying	Federal
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass-Through New York State Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA - Part B Sec 611	84.027A	0032-25-0138	\$ 604,429
IDEA - Part B Sec 619	84.173A	0033-25-0138	11,765
Total Special Education Cluster			616,194
Title I - Part A Imprv Acad Achmt F/Disad	84.010A	0021-25-0505	516,128
Title I -Part A Imprv Acad Achmt F/Disad	84.010A	0021-24-0505	19,756
Title I - School Improvement Grant	84.010A	0011-25-2220	80,861
Title I - School Improvement Grant	84.010A	0011-24-2220	6,809
Title IIA - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367A	0147-25-0505	45,752
Title IIA - Teacher and Principal Training	84.367A	0147-24-0505	16,497
Title IV - SSAE Allocation	84.424A	0204-24-0505	31,976
COVID 19 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act - ESSER 3 COVID 19 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act - ARP Homeless Part II COVID 19 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act - ARP Summer Enrichment Reserve COVID 19 Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act - ARP Afterschool Reserve Total Education Stabilization Fund Under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act Total Department of Education U.S. Department of Agriculture	84.425U 84.425W 84.425U 84.425U	5880-21-0505 5218-21-0505 5882-21-0505 5883-21-0505	183,518 6,890 201,378 10,195 401,981 1,735,954
Pass-Through New York State Department of Education:			
National School Breakfast Program	10.553		258,808
National School Lunch Program - Cash	10.555		519,897
National School Lunch Program - Surplus Food	10.555		60,707
National School Lunch Program - Snack	10.555		12,602
Summer Food Service Program	10.559		7,346
Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.000		859,360
			200,000
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants - CN Equipment Assist Grant	10.579	0005-24-0008	17,606
Total Department of Agriculture			876,966
Total Federal Assistance Expended			\$ 2,612,920

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS June 30, 2025

Note 1. Summary of Certain Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of federal award programs administered by the District, which is described in Note 1 to the District's accompanying financial statements, using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Federal awards that are included in the schedule may be received directly from federal agencies, as well as federal awards that are passed through from other government agencies. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

Indirect costs may be included in the reported expenditures, to the extent that they are included in the federal financial reports used as the source for the data presented.

BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Peru Central School District Peru, New York 12972

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Peru Central School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Peru Central School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 3, 2025.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Peru Central School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Peru Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Peru Central School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Peru Central School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control exists was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be significant deficiencies. The finding is

referenced as 2025-001.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Peru Central School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government *Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2025-001.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Peru Central School District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of finding and questioned costs. The Peru Central School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government *Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC October 3, 2025

BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Peru Central School District Peru, New York 12972

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Peru Central School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Uniform Guidance Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on Peru Central School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. Peru Central School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Peru Central School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Peru Central School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Peru Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the

requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Peru Central School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Peru Central School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Peru Central School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Peru Central School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the Peru Central School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Peru Central School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and

corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC October 3, 2025

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2025

SECTION I - SUMMARY	OF AUDIT RESULTS					
Financial Statements						
Type of auditor's report issued:			ified			
Internal control over financial reporting:						
· Materia	al weakness(es) identified?		_yes	X	no	
_	cant Deficiency(ies) identified that are not ered to be material weaknesses?	X	_yes		none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			_yes	X	_no	
Federal Awards						
Internal control	over major programs:					
· Materia	al weakness(es) identified?		_yes	X	no	
_	cant Deficiency(ies) identified not idered to be a material weakness?		_yes	X	none reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodi	ified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2CFR Section 200.516(a)			_yes	X	_no	
Identification of Major Programs						
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
84.027 84.173	IDEA - Part B Sec 611 IDEA - Part B Sec 619					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$750,00	00			
Auditee qualified as low-risk Auditee?		Χ	yes		no	

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, CONTINUED JUNE 30, 2025

SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT

2025-001 Excess Fund Balance

Condition: The District's unassigned general fund balance was 7.60% of next year's budget.

Effect: The District's unassigned general fund balance was 3.60% or \$2,005,611 over the amount allowable by law.

Cause: Actual expenditures are significantly less than budgeted amounts.

Criteria: According to New York State Real Property Tax Law Section 1318, a district's unappropriated fund balance may not exceed an amount equal to 4% of next year's budget.

Recommendation: We recommend the District keep this law in mind when preparing the next year's budget.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: Peru Central School District has taken a conservative approach to spending as state aid remains uncertain and enrollment fluctuates. The District will evaluate its reserve plan and consider additional funding of its reserves to reduce its unassigned general fund balance.

SECTION III - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS

There were no current period findings or questioned costs.

District Office

P.O. Box 68 | 17 School Street | Peru, New York 12972 | Phone: 518-643-6000 | Fax: 518-643-6080

To: Superintendent of Schools and Board of Education

From: Kara Bowes, School Business Executive

Subject: 2024-2025 External Audit Corrective Action Plan

Date: November 4, 2025

In response to the Schedule of Findings associated with the audited financial statements of Peru Central School District for the year ended June 30, 2025, I provide the following action table:

Audit Comment	Corrective Action	Anticipated Completion Date	Contact Person
2025-001 Excess Fund Balance	Excess fund balance remains an issue for the District. As a result, the District will continue to apply a reasonable amount of fund balance towards maintaining programs within the District. The District will evaluate its reserve plan and consider additional funding of its reserves to reduce its unassigned general fund balance. The District also expects that forecasted inflationary pressures will contribute to a reduction in excess fund balance.	June 30, 2026	Kara Bowes

Sincerely,

Kara Bowes

Kan Bones

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SCOTT STORMS
Superintendent of Schools

KARA BOWES School Business Executive SHANNON PITCHER-BOYEA

Assistant Superintendent

PERU CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS JUNE 30, 2025

Finding 2024-001: Excess Fund Balance

Condition: The finding was a compliance finding, whereby, the District's unassigned general fund balance was 8.59% of next year's budget.

Recommendation: The auditor recommended to keep this law in mind when preparing next year's budget.

Current Status: A similar finding was noted in the 2025 audit and is referenced as 2025-001.

BOULRICE & WOOD CPAS, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

MICHAEL L. BOULRICE, CPA

STEPHEN P. WOOD, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board Peru Central School District Peru, New York 12972

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets, liabilities and fund balance – cash basis and the related statement of receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Peru Central School District as of and for the year June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance – cash basis of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Peru Central School District as of June 30, 2025, and its receipts, disbursements and ending balances – cash basis thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Peru Central School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter - Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to

error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Peru Central School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Peru Central School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC

Boulrice & Wood CPAs, PC October 3, 2025

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENTS OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS June 30, 2025 and 2024

ACCETO	2025	2024
ASSETS		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 109,239	
Total Assets	\$ 101,060	\$ 109,239
FUND BALANCE		
Extraclassroom Activity	\$ 101,060	\$ 109,239
Total Fund Balance	\$ 101,060	\$ 109,239

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EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND ENDING FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Activity	alance 30/2024	R	Receipts Disbursements		Balance 6/30/2025		
Class of 2024	\$ 3,310	\$	12	\$	3,322	\$	-
Class of 2025	15,374		10,220		19,935		5,659
Class of 2026	5,523		11,512		12,489		4,546
Class of 2027	246		10,834		7,052		4,028
Class of 2028	-		680		113		567
Adventures Club	2,140		618		1,374		1,384
Drama Club	32,655		18,517		19,950		31,222
Entrepreneurship Club	4,026		10,159		8,862		5,323
eSports	213		3		3		213
FBLA	-		1,292		761		531
HS PSET	719		92		282		529
L.O.T.E.	217		13		4		226
Middle School SC	5,385		3,933		3,176		6,142
Model United Nations	3,643		51		2,047		1,647
National Art Honor Society	775		1,714		682		1,807
National Honor Society	12		840		837		15
Pet and Animal Club	1		-		-		1
Robotics Club	1,622		24		24		1,622
S.A.V.E	1,779		324		319		1,784
Sales Tax	732		3,946		3,246		1,432
Science NHS	3,027		225		376		2,876
Senior High SC	5,343		11,525		7,253		9,615
Student Activities Admin	2,912		44		31		2,925
Varsity Club	9,717		8,045		12,246		5,516
Yearbook Club	 9,868		2,262		680		11,450
Total	\$ 109,239	\$	96,885	\$	105,064	\$	101,060

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: The books and records of the Peru Central School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures are recognized when cash is disbursed.

<u>Basis of Presentation</u>: The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the Peru Central School District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management and are reported in the Governmental Funds of the District as a Non-Major fund.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: For financial statement purposes all highly liquid investments having maturities of three months or less are considered as cash equivalents.